

FIFTH
ANNUAL REPORT

—OF THE—

FRANKLIN

Reformatory Home for Inebriates,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

LOCATED AT

Nos. 911, 913 & 915 LOCUST STREET.

ORGANIZED APRIL 1st, 1872

INCORPORATED DECEMBER 11th, 1872.

Charter Revised and Amended May 4th, 1874.

PHILADELPHIA :

FREDERICK SCOFIELD & Co., PUBLISHERS,

No. 26 South Seventh St.

1877.




RELIGIOUS AND OTHER SERVICES
OF THE
FRANKLIN HOME.

Divine Service in the Chapel every Sunday Evening at 8 o'clock.

Bible Study every Sunday Afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Conversational Temperance Meeting every Tuesday Evening at 8 o'clock.

ALL ARE WELCOME AT THESE MEETINGS.

 *Private Meeting of the GODWIN ASSOCIATION of the Home, every Thursday Evening at 8 o'clock.*

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IN presenting to the contributors to the "Franklin Reformatory Home for Inebriates," and to the friends of the Institution generally, the Fifth Annual Report of its operations, a few words from the President of the Board of Directors will not be out of place.

Whilst statistics and the fullest information can be gathered from the reports of the various officers as to the duties performed by them, and the results effected by the "Home," it is to be expected that he should present some suggestions as to the means to be used to still further promote the welfare of the Institution, and extend the sphere of its usefulness which had gradually forced themselves upon his mind and been induced whilst engaged in the discharge of the duties devolving upon him.

Aware of this fact, he feels that he can add but little towards creating an interest in the "Home" beyond the statements and figures, as to results accomplished, presented by the officers, physician and the Auxiliary Board. These speak for themselves, and are sufficient to excite the warmest sympathies of the truly philanthropic in behalf of a cause which has for its object the reformation and regeneration of fallen man. *They are* in evidence that great results have been accomplished, that decided success has attended their labors, but that the work of the "Home" has but just began, and that a rich harvest is yet to be reached. The seed must be sown, the laborers' hands strengthened and the means provided for accomplishing their work still more successfully.

The nature of this work is well understood. It is to rescue man from the slavery imposed by intoxicating liquors, and to place those who have fallen, in the way of reformation, and (through God's grace) bring about their salvation. Can the philanthropist be engaged in a nobler object? Is there a more charitable work than this? From the purest of motives the Franklin Home was instituted. In the face of the prevalent conviction that the inebriate could not be redeemed, reformed and restored, it has demonstrated the contrary by results,—results whose influence has been felt, and is still making its way, instilling hope into the bosoms of hundreds of families where sorrow and sadness yet hold sway.

It is in no spirit of egotism or self-praise that we of the "Home" say we have proven, beyond peradventure, that permanent reformation can be effected; that in many instances, as "the stewards of God's mysteries," we have accomplished it. The records of those who have been inmates of our Institution attest the fact. But more than this: we have, through God's guidance, led men to place their trust in Him, "to seek and find" His assistance in the hour of temptation; and the religious influence thus created and exercised has worked wonders in making them firm in their resolutions of reform and in becoming ornaments to society.

Now, when so many blighted and sorrowful homes have been made happy, when men of noble impulses and brilliant intellects have been placed in their proper sphere of society through the operations of the "Home," shall the good work be stayed? Shall the usefulness of the "Home" be abridged for want of means? Shall the hands of the Directors be tied? Can philanthropic citizens know that opportunities are presented daily for saving men gifted in mind and of generous hearts, but led astray, and yet refuse to extend a helping hand? Shall such be turned from the doors of the "Franklin Home?"

We desire to increase the capacity of the "Home," so that one hundred inmates can be accommodated. Can not this be accomplished? Is it asking too much to request that contributions be forwarded for that purpose? Men of high social position and culture have, through the "Home," been placed where they properly belong. They have been saved. Are there not others to whom the same brotherly hand could be extended? Are they to be neglected? Why not contribute towards their reformation, when it can be done honorably, and the whole family circle made happy thereby, and that without the slightest reflection upon their character, or any disgrace attaching to them?

In the Third Annual Report, the President stated that it was the desire of the Board to establish a separate and distinct fund to be called a "Memorial Fund," and that contributions of \$5000, or upwards, for such an object, would be set apart and dedicated to special cases, as a memorial forever to the donor, relative or friend, as should be designated.

This suggestion is again laid before contributors and friends with a sincere desire that it shall not be forgotten.

Much more might be said to induce a hearty support of the "Home,"

but the members of the Board feel confident it is not required. The records of the past are incontrovertible. They merely call attention to the Reports, and invite for them a careful perusal, at the same time expressing a hope that God, in his infinite goodness and mercy, will so lead and direct the minds of those whom he has favored with an abundance as to extend a helping hand to the cause in which they are engaged.

We have made our plea. Shall it be responded to?

SAMUEL P. GODWIN,
President.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

To the Contributors of the

Franklin Reformatory Home for Inebriates.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN :

Although at the commencement of the year just ended bright anticipations filled our hearts in expectation of large results to follow faithful, prayerful effort, yet our feeble faith scarcely conceived the mighty work our God intended to do in our midst, or comprehended His wonderful power to make the most discouraging combinations work together for our good and His glory. As in previous years, there were seasons of great distress, when we looked in each others faces, scarcely knowing what we should do ; yet the Lord has brought us safely thus far, and at the close of this, the fifth year of our existence, are in better condition than at any previous time in our history. The complete prostration of business, and financial embarrassments, that has affected almost every one, causing diminution in incomes through shrinkage of values in securities, rents, &c., have compelled most of our contributors to diminish their annual gift, and in some cases to entirely withhold it. This, together with a smaller average family than we could make profitable, has made it difficult for us to carry on the work, especially as one of the mortgages had been called in while we were yet in debt to the Treasurer \$1800. By a donation of \$1000 additional from the Executors of the Jesse George estate, and sundry other donations, we were enabled to transfer and reduce the mortgage \$1000, and largely diminish the balance due the Treasurer. There is still one house adjoining on the west side that is needed for our use, in order that we may make alterations and extensions in our chapel accommodations, which are now altogether inadequate to the demand, hundreds being compelled to stay away for want of room. These changes cannot be made until we have this house, and we are anxiously looking forward to securing it this year, to complete the work we have, by God's guidance and assistance, so successfully carried on.

The Reformatories for Inebriates in the United States belong to several distinct classes. The first is the "Home," into which all must enter voluntarily and honorably, with an earnestly professed desire for reformation.

The next is "The Asylum," which receives a few of the above class, but the great majority are sent under persuasion of friends, with little if any desire for reformation, to be cured of a disease that we do not think exists. The majority of Institutions in this country are of this type.

In the *Contemporary Review* of February, Dr. John Chas. Bucknill, of London, stated that he visited six Inebriate *Asylums* in this country, and found the treatment in them of habitual drunkards to be unsound from top to bottom. The only Institution, he says, in which he found any honest, earnest work doing was the Franklin Reformatory of Philadelphia, in which the idea of curing a disease is steadfastly put aside.

The third class is "The House of Correction," in which the inmates are shut up by magistrates, or self-commitment for three to nine months as prisoners. A very small portion of these reform, not caring for reformation.

The fourth variety is instanced in the "King's County Asylum," which is a conglomeration of all three, neither one nor the other. Here are found *anxious*, *persuaded* and *committed*, those having means being enabled to live luxuriously.

THE HOME.

The Home is the only Institution of its kind in the world. It is not an asylum or hospital in any sense of the word, but a Christian Home for those who, convinced of the sinfulness of their former life, seek strength from above to enable them to throw off and *keep off* the chains which have so long bound them, and, released from the terrible power of drunkenness, seek again to walk the straight and narrow path. Men are made to realize intemperance a sin, and the absolute necessity of an entire change of heart. From the fact that none are received who do not, on application, profess a desire for reform, a moral tone is secured among the inmates which resents any attempt to violate the rules clandestinely. The system is peculiar, original, and by far the most successful: inmates, after a short period

of restraint, being simply placed upon a "pledge of honor and abstinence," to be kept by God's assistance as pledged in His promise to help those who put their trust in Him; and this covenant, based on honor and God's promises, is the only restraint imposed. The man thus trusted soon regains his self-respect, the most important human agency to strengthen the will, and, midst happy, healthy surroundings, gains strength from day to day.

A single illustration will show the workings of this confidence imposed, and I will venture to say it could be done nowhere else than at the Franklin Home. During the last Centennial year, midst the excitements to attract and the multiplied temptations to lure the weak and unwary, there were two special days that marked the Exhibition's life as great days in its history. The first was the Centennial 4th of July, the observance of which was commenced on the eve of the 3d by the grandest civic and military pageant of modern times, the nations of the world joyously uniting with their youngest sister in doing homage to the only republic that yet had lived an hundred years. Triumphal arches, illuminations, flags, calcium lights, colored fires, pealing of bells and roaring of cannons, together with the spontaneous outburst of popular enthusiasm, made a scene to be witnessed only once in a lifetime. The other great day was "Pennsylvania Day" at the Centennial, September 27th, 1876, on which occasion 269,286 persons were at the Exhibition, a number never before equalled at any Exhibition. This awful concourse included all classes, but from early morn till late at night there was not an accident to mar the matchless scene, not a case of dissipation within the grounds, nor known instance of bad humor in the almost countless accumulation of people, or of resistance to the steady and unseen regulations of the management. It was its own general, policeman and commissariat, the courtesy of the officials being equalled by the decorum and self-respect of the people. On both these occasions permission was given to the inmates—nearly fifty in number—to stay out till one o'clock, to witness the procession and the fire-works, and in both cases *every man returned home safely and honorably* without having violated his obligation.

The treatment is anti-alcoholic, and five years' experience has proven it to be the only successful one. Disease dogmas upon the pathology of inebriety are discarded and repudiated. There is no delusive phantom of disease held out, by which the victim of this

accursed habit may feel that he is a subject for pity. He must realize the sin of his past course and the crime of which he has been guilty, and in every case in which he has experienced this and in sincerity of heart asked for help from above, and gone forth trusting in a Divine power, fearing his own weakness, he has been successful. Such is the only sure method of reformation. The inner life of the Home surprises strangers who visit it: the appearance of perfect comfort, the gentlemanly and cultivated persons with whom they come in contact, and the air of refinement of all around them are in such startling contrast to what they had expected. There are seen gentlemen from all walks in life engaged in conversation, writing or reading in the well-stocked library. Many of these are visitors, graduates of the Home, who have casually dropped in, for the great majority of the inmates are out each day in the pursuit of their various business engagements,—working for themselves in their own appointed places, and not for the profit of the Home in its workshops. Others are seen passing away the time playing chess, dominoes and checkers. Everybody presents an appearance of perfect rest and contentment. After the first week remaining indoors, they come and go as inclination moves them, being only under moral restraint, and when evening comes, gather in the library, reading, smoking and conversation rooms for mutual converse and improvement. As the sole object is to reform the life and provide a happy home while the process of reformation is being accomplished, every effort is made to keep up the interest of the inmates and make surroundings pleasant. Religious services, lectures, public and private meetings, concerts, stereoscopic exhibitions, &c., following each other in rapid succession, vary the monotony and make the Home a most interesting place, both for its inmates and graduates. For the latter there is always a seat at table and a cordial welcome when they happen in, and these the past year have averaged ten each day.

So terrible is the power of the curse of strong drink that it has brought down to degradation teachers of God's Word, lawyers, physicians, professors, engineers, skilled mechanics, editors, reporters, &c., men of culture and refinement who have moved in the best society. These all have been permanently reformed within its precincts, and gratefully acknowledge its loving care and efficacy as instrumental, under God, in their salvation, and are glad to visit it whenever opportunity offers.

During the past year there were many visitors drawn to see the Centennial who took occasion to visit the Home and become familiar with its workings. Whether from other States or from abroad, all seemed to agree that, based on their own experience and observation, the plan pursued was the best in its results. This endorsement was given by the leading temperance men of England who had made this specialty a life study, as well as the convention of the American Association for the Cure of Inebriates, composed of physicians and superintendents in charge of Inebriate Asylums in the United States, who visited the Home in a body during their session. They also passed the following resolutions respecting liquor as medicine, strongly denouncing its general use for the purpose, which I here introduce to show the progress of the times in this direction.

“Resolved, That the following propositions, adopted with such unanimity by the Section of Medicine, and reported to the International Medical Congress recently held in this city, on the subject of the uses of alcohol, be accepted by this Association.

“1. Alcohol is not shown to have a definite food-value by any of the usual methods of chemical analysis or physiological investigation.

“2. Its use as a medicine is chiefly that of a cardiac stimulant, and often admits of substitution.

“3. As a medicine, it is not well fitted for self-prescription by the laity, and the medical profession are not accountable for such administration, or for the enormous evils arising therefrom.

“4. The purity of alcoholic liquors is, in general, not as well assured as that of articles used for medicine should be. The various mixtures used as medicine should have definite and known compositions, and should not be interchanged promiscuously.”

There have been many brought by friends to take the pledge merely, being unable to come as inmates. Several of these have done well, and become frequent visitors to the meetings. Five of the inmates were obliged to be sent to hospitals, three being received into the Episcopal Hospital, and two into Dr. Kirkbride's; all entirely recovered, and, with one exception, are thoroughly reformed and doing well. Forty have either connected themselves with church or been restored to former relations therein—a fact that speaks volumes.

The public meetings on Tuesday evenings, the President's Bible Study on Sunday afternoons, at 3 o'clock, and the services on Sunday evenings have all been largely attended, many strangers dropping in constantly, to be so surprised and pleased by what they see that they soon come again.

On the 4th of July, through the liberality of one of the Directors, Mr. J. S. Helfenstein, a handsome entertainment was given in the evening to the inmates and graduates, their wives and children; the extensive gardens being handsomely illuminated for the occasion.

On Thanksgiving Day the ladies provided a dinner for the Godwin Association, which is composed of inmates and graduates who have maintained their integrity since leaving. One hundred and thirty-two sat down to dinner, and the occasion will long be remembered. On election night the Association were gathered in to partake of an oyster supper, forty-four hundred oysters having been donated through the instrumentality of a member of the Association. A most enjoyable meeting was afterwards held, which kept the members out of the excitements and temptations incident to a presidential election.

The happiest season of all the year—merry, merry Christmas—was devoted to the wives and little ones whose previous lives had been blighted and darkened by the weakness of those whom God had designed to be their protectors. Through the liberality of friends a most pleasant entertainment was given to them, and gifts of books, clothing, confectionery, fruit, toys, shoes, &c., were most bountifully bestowed on all. The feature of the evening was the recitation by three little ones, scarcely four years of age, of a poem entitled “The Sparrow,” which was afterwards sung to music, composed for the occasion, by a class of thirty-four who had recited it previously. Each one then received from the first Vice-President, W. C. Kent, Esq., a pocket-book containing a dollar, he having so promised the year before to all the children that would learn it perfectly.

In closing this Report, I would most earnestly appeal to *every* man who *ever becomes* intoxicated, or is in the least degree a victim of intoxicating drink, to *stop at once*, without even *one* more last drink. It is the “just one more,” and “this is the last,” that carries men beyond depth. If it is discovered that you cannot stop entirely, that you need one in the morning to steady the nerves, you are in danger now; the sin of drinking has conceived and is bringing forth death. Come to us at once; we can help you; don’t put it off till life is in peril. Loving hearts, grieved by your blind infatuation, and dear ones dependent on you, make it an immediate duty from which there is no escape. If you do not think it necessary for you to come, call and see us, even if you will not stay. We keep none here against their will, or desire the presence of those that do not wish to be

with us. It makes no difference whether you think it a disease or not ; whether or no you have inherited the tendency ; we know we can help you to a better understanding and a complete reformation, for this is God's work, and His constant blessing is with us.

Following this Report will be found extracts of letters from graduates, and also a series of tables which show exactly the results of the past five years' work, and cover the Report of the Chairman of the Executive Committee, Wm. A. Smethurst, Esq.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN GRAFF,
Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, March 8th, 1877.

MY DEAR SIR :—A slave to the cup, constitution wrecked, forsaken by nearly all my friends, no desire to live, the whole future shrouded by gloom and darkness, I met you and your Christian brothers just one year ago this week. Your words of encouragement and filial attention caused me to meditate. I prayed, and soon thereafter a gleam of hope appeared. I continued to pray often by day and by night within the blessed walls of Franklin Home, that God in his mercy might look upon me and have pity, that I might be relieved from the yoke of bondage that held me enslaved to the bitter cup. I had your aid, your comfort and your sympathy. The kind, sympathizing, loving Saviour heard our prayers and answered. I was born again.

Not a drop of intoxicating liquor, either spirituous or malt, has passed my lips since then. The love and craving for the same, that once existed, has been entirely annihilated. Life is now sweet and joyous to me. I do not call it altogether *my victory, but God's, through you.*

May *He* continue to bless the old Franklin Home, and all connected therewith, is the earnest and frequent prayer of

Very truly yours,

Love to all.

CHESTNUT HILL, March 15th, 1877.

MY DEAR SIR :—I received your kind letter and recognized in it the challenge of the ever-watchful sentinel, “How goes the night, brother?” I answer back, “All is well.” I am delighted to hear of the continued success of “my second mother,” the Home, and the Association, my brothers ; and I thank God who is encouraging you all in your efforts for fallen men, by showing you the ripening fruits of your labor—efforts and labors that are inspired by a love of God that enables you to see in every fallen man the soul made like unto *His* own image. The Home and all its workers, its principles, the endless and untiring efforts made, challenge the wonder and admiration of every Christian heart. Its grand results will admit of but one explanation, that “It is God’s work.” We, the reclaimed, can never give expression to the grateful emotions of our hearts. We can only let our lives be its best eulogy. We hope to vindicate in the future, as we have in the past (by adhering to its principles) the great Christian truth, the grace of God is all-powerful, all-saving. *Oh, what has not the Home done for us all!* It sought us amid temptations, misery and sorrow, and took us into its warm and fond embrace, clearing away the debris that intemperance and misfortune had piled up, tearing down all false theories of disease and seizing our convictions. It reached down into our hearts by its admirable practical mode of imparting its principles, impressing all its lessons with the examples of living, active men, who, through its aid, accepting its teachings and practicing them, have become reformed men,—in a word, conquerors of self. By its love, fostering care and ever-watchful solicitude for us, it has awakened the lessons of love and faith learned at a dear mother’s knee in childhood, which, if forgotten for a time, were never entirely dead, and required but just such an influence to warm them into life. It enables me to say to you now, at the end of five years, I have been a total abstinence man for that time, and by and with the help of God, I will die that. I have ever realized that my whole connection with the Home was providential. In the darkest hour of my misfortune, when hope seemed deserting me forever, God, in mercy and in answer to the prayers of an affectionate and faithful wife, raised up for me a friend, a warm-hearted, Christian gentleman, one of those who, by his benevolence, kindly urbanity of manner, make the troubled walks of life a paradise. Never shall I forget my first interview with him when calling on him without any well-de-

fined object, but to obtain the means to leave the city, as I thought, to escape the cause of my misfortune. That interview is the green spot on the cheerless plain, the oasis in the desert of my misfortune. He kindly received me, patiently listened to my story, and with words of hope and cheer, replied: "Oh! where can you go to escape your habits? To God alone must you look for wisdom, the strength to overcome them. It is more manly to fight the good fight where you have fallen; greater and sweeter will be the victory." Although having no confidence in my plan, he advanced the means to put it in execution, and with the warm grasp of the hand and God-speed you of the father to the child, we parted. It is unnecessary to say this money went as all had gone before it, and in a few days I became sober again, only to realize the greater depth of woe and misery I had reached. But God was still good to me, and was with me even in my wanderings. I again sought this gentleman. He, with a few well-directed words, pointed out to me the path I must tread, mentioning the Franklin Reformatory Home as the entrance-gate to that path. Under this gentleman's protection and endorsement I entered that gate. This was on the 6th of May, 1872, and thank God from that day to this I have never wavered in my pledge to the Home and that gentleman to "touch not, &c.," and with God's help never will. From that day to this that gentleman has ever been my kind friend, following me through life with the solicitude of a father. His friendship has lightened many a load. I allude to Alfred M. Collins, Esq., my friend and the friend of the Home. May God reward him with His choicest earthly gifts; we already know what his reward will be in the world to come. I often wonder in awe what would have become of me had there been no Home? what could he have done for me? Money was of no use; it was a positive injury to me, demoralized, weakened as I was. It was impossible for me to help myself. *I was in just such a position as required just such influences and care* as our *Home* could give. Whether we look at the Home as a place of refuge—of rest—where, away from temptation, the physical condition of the man can be built up under the skillful treatment of Dr. R. P. Harris, a gentleman as remarkable for his Christian virtues as for his great knowledge, experience and success as a physician in these cases; or we view it as a grand, loving, active Christian Home, having all these, together with the great *truth*, "the grace of God is all-powerful, all-saving," we are lost in admiration as with joy we exclaim, "Thank God for the Franklin Reformatory Home!"

I feel the debt of gratitude I owe the Board of Lady Managers requires that I should here express my happiness at their continued success in their labors—labors that send happiness and joy to many sorrowing hearts. The success of the Home gives evidence of their labors, zeal and sympathy,—all virtues belonging truly to Christian women. These ladies have brought into this work that delicate tact, refinement and grace which have made them the ornaments of the social sphere in which they move. I feel, my dear sir, I must close what is already too long a letter, and will but add, have no fear for me. I am so situated that I cannot see you and the Home as often I would wish, but you, the Home and all are ever-present to my mind, and your honor is, I feel, in my keeping—IT IS SAFE. I believe in prayer. I know God has promised to sustain all who call on Him, and meaning all I say, acting up to what I profess, I fearlessly say, Intemperance and I have parted forever. I may be crushed physically, but morally never. I shall bravely go through life, yet in humility, ever remembering the sad past and the great truth.

I am what I am by the grace of God alone.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20th, 1876.

DEAR SIR:—I write to you, as I promised, lest you should think I had forgotten you and the “Home” altogether, which is by no means the case. I remember your excellent and beneficent institution—whose usefulness owes so much to your constant and intelligent care—with feelings of very lively gratitude and sympathy, which grow fresher and stronger, instead of failing, as time runs on.

For days before that (to me) memorable Friday, when I called on you, I had clearly made up my mind that total abstinence would be my sole earthly salvation, and I resolved upon it. I had never before, by word, promise, outward sign or inward resolution, so determined that matter as a self-imposed decree, though I frequently promised myself I would avoid excesses, which did not avail me, however, from too often gliding into them. But at that time, though firmly resolved morally and mentally to entire abstinence, I found an absolute physical inability to carry it out which I had never before encountered on the frequent occasions I had theretofore refrained from stimulants for limited periods.

Your beneficent institution, which I consider in the highest and purest sense of that word a magnificent charity, enabled me, however, to overcome every obstacle to keeping wisely and inviolate the good resolve.

That pleasant moral and Christian adjuncts are called to the aid of physical reformation, give to the practical workings of the "Home" their highest value.

You will, I know, be glad to hear that my good resolution has only crystalized, and never weakened, since I left its doors. My appetite has steadily improved, and my health is as firmly re-established as a man of my age and previous physical condition can reasonably expect it to be.

I often think of you and the "Home," especially on Thursday evenings, and had some hopes of being able to pay you a flying visit on Thanksgiving night, but the state of the public business, in view of the near meeting of Congress, will not, I fear, permit me that gratification.

I send you a Washington paper containing a notice of the "Home," which shows it is not unknown here.

My kind regards to all, and believe me,

Very sincerely, your friend,

TABLE I.

	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.	
Reformed,	31	39	64	108	112	354
Benefited,	24	24	19	25	11	103
Doubtful,	46	42	67	72	36	263
Unknown,	6	8	2	5	0	
	<u>107</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>159</u>	<u>741</u>

TABLE II.

Average time of stay in Home,

1st year. 9 $\frac{1}{3}$ weeks.	2d year. 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ weeks.	3d year. 6 weeks.	4th year. 8 weeks.	5th year. 9 weeks.	5 years. 8 weeks.
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TABLE III.

	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.	
Free Inmates, . . .	49	56	53	86	53	297
Pay Inmates, . . .	39	43	73	100	88	343
Part free, part pay, .	19	14	26	24	18	101
	<u>107</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>159</u>	<u>741</u>

TABLE IV.

	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.	
Single Men,	35	35	45	66	44	225
Married Men, . . .	53	66	86	129	100	434
Widowers,	16	11	18	12	14	71
Divorced,	3	1	3	3	1	11
	<u>107</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>159</u>	<u>741</u>

TABLE V.

AGES.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.	
18 to 20,	1	0	0	0	0	1
21 to 30,	18	16	28	37	29	128
31 to 40,	40	53	58	94	69	314
41 to 50,	37	35	44	54	36	206
51 to 60,	9	8	17	17	20	71
61 to 70,	2	1	4	7	5	19
71 to 80,	0	0	1	1	0	2
	<u>107</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>159</u>	<u>741</u>

TABLE VI.

Average time of drinking,	.	.	.	15 years 10 months.
Average time of excessive drinking,	.	.	.	6 years 7 months.
Average daily quantity drank,	.	.	.	1 ½ pints.

TABLE VII.

Neither parent drank to excess,	.	.	.	.	.	290
Both parents drank to excess,	.	.	.	.	.	4
Father only drank to excess,	.	.	.	.	.	59
Mother only drank to excess,	.	.	.	.	.	1
						354

TABLE VIII.

REFORMED.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.	Total.
Periodical drinkers,	21	27	40	70	60	218
Constant drinkers,	10	12	24	38	52	136
	—	—	—	—	—	—
	31	39	64	108	112	354

TABLE IX.

NO. OF MEALS.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.	Total.
Free Inmates,	8,022	6,405	10,989	19,344	19,064	63,824
Pay Inmates,	5,391	14,842	12,736	27,008	32,024	92,001
Officers & Serv'ts	3,680	5,103	5,959	8,466	9,962	33,170
Visitors,	111	444	662	2,042	3,136	6,395
	—	—	—	—	—	—
	17,204	26,794	30,346	56,860	64,186	195,390

TABLE X.

	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.
Average cost of meals,	14 ¼ cts.	12 ¼ cts.	12 ⅔ cts.

TABLE XI.

Artists,	.	.	.	7	Engineers,	.	.	.	7
Book Keepers,	.	.	.	41	Farmers,	.	.	.	5
Bricklayers,	.	.	.	12	Lawyers,	.	.	.	8
Carpenters,	.	.	.	26	Merchants,	.	.	.	40
Clerks,	.	.	.	41	Manufacturers,	.	.	.	7
Clergymen,	.	.	.	5	Printers,	.	.	.	26
Druggists,	.	.	.	9	Physicians,	.	.	.	11
Editors,	.	.	.	7					

With representatives of 98 other occupations.

REPORT

OF THE

AUXILIARY BOARD OF LADIES.

The Auxiliary Board to the Board of Directors.

GENTLEMEN:—The progress of time having brought us face to face with the results of another year's experience in reformatory efforts, we are led to ask, What have we really accomplished? and have we absolutely done all that we could?

Woman's work, as an auxiliary in the Institution being particularly adapted to the supervision of families for a time deprived of their usual support, all means have been sought which would add to our facilities and efficiency in this direction.

The Auxiliary Board, having maintained its Standing Committees for House, Purchases and Relief, have, by a division of labor, assigned to the first the general oversight of domestic affairs, requiring weekly, or still more frequent investigations, into the condition of the dormitories, reading, conversation and other rooms.

The Purchasing Committee provides material for the Dorcas and Relief Committee, both for their own work at their weekly meetings and for distribution, in addition to parcels of partly-worn clothing to such as require it. For these purchases \$100 have been drawn from the general treasury. Our thanks are also due to many friends for available contributions to this department, eminently so for the very essential aid rendered by Mr. Thompson Bell, of Pittsburgh, who, by the generous donation of ten sewing machines, has enabled this Committee, by a system of loans, to furnish means of support to many needy mothers, the machines to be returned and applications renewed at the end of each month.

The Relief Committee has also continued its visitations of the sick and destitute, supplying money and provisions in special emergencies.

The unusual length and severity of the winter, and the great scarcity of work, have multiplied the objects of such attentions.

To add to the general fund, a sale was held by the ladies at the Home in December, the proceeds of which, \$705.55, added to the subscriptions procured by them, amount to \$1,815.55.

Members of the M. E. Church contributed \$128.30 to furnish a reading-room in the Franklin Reformatory Home, to be called the "Methodist Room." With this were purchased chairs, carpet, table, clock and chandelier; Messrs. Broadbent & Phillips donating, in addition, a large photograph of Rev. Alfred Cookman—all to be placed in this room.

Specific mention of all donations will be found in the usual Appendix to the Report.

The Home has sustained a grievous loss this year in the death of two of our most earnest and efficient members, Mrs. T. S. Arthur and Mrs. Wm. H. Allen, whose names will ever be held in loving and grateful remembrance by all connected with them as co-workers or beneficiaries of the Home.

The religious influence exerted by this Institution by means of its Sunday evening services, its Bible class and its frequent Temperance meetings, which are cordially open to all, is silently but, we think, surely, making itself felt among those brought within its reach, and establishing the highest and strongest bond among those whose natural ties are often unhappily severed by intemperance. We find whole families, long unused to any religious observance, now *regularly for years* accompanying the husband and father to this place of worship and joining devoutly in the exercises.

Especial emphasis is laid upon the doctrine that the only foundation for a thorough, enduring reformation is found in a radical change of heart, a preparation for the future life by a conscientious, persistent effort to lead a Christ-like life here.

One result of this teaching is found in the fact that several of the inmates, not in the first pleasant excitement of their rescue from the immediate horrors of their condition, but after long and faithful observance of their pledge and constant attendance upon the religious instruction of the Home, have voluntarily and with solemn resolve united themselves to some Christian church, and are devoting a large share of their time and means to the work of bringing in their old companions to share this great salvation. When, in our visits among their families, we hear of those who formerly spent all their earnings at the saloon, bringing nothing but distress and terror into

their homes, now walking the streets all day in search of work, without dinner themselves, because the "wife and children need what little there is in the house," and another, not only denying himself a reasonable share of the scanty food, but nursing a sick wife and taking entire care of the children and house, hastening out, when relieved awhile by a kindly neighbor, to do "*anything* to bring in a little money,"—when we see changes like these, accompanied by patience and cheerfulness and a growing sense of personal responsibility, we thankfully accept them as proofs of the genuineness of the work and hopefully look for its continuance.

Upon these grounds, we feel we may reasonably and with hope of success, make an earnest appeal to all interested in the well-being of our large community and the growth of temperance and religion to aid us by all means in their power.

E. M. GREGORY,
Secretary A. B.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

To the Board of Directors of the Franklin Reformatory Home.

GENTLEMEN :—As no special changes have been made in the medical department of the Home during the past year, and as there has been a considerable falling off in the number of inmates, my Fifth Annual Report, as compared with those of former years, must necessarily be somewhat brief.

Having upon several occasions entered at some length into the question of the medical management of inebriates, I have only now to state that a larger experience has only tended to strengthen my faith in the soundness of the principles already laid down. So well satisfied are we with the rapid recuperation of the great majority of recently admitted men, that I see no reason to make any important changes, except such as are connected with an improvement in the construction of the infirmary, referred to in a former Report, but not effected by reason of want of space and means. Such an improvement is exceedingly desirable for the convenience of the sick and those who have them in charge, as the present arrangement is far from satisfactory.

It is remarkable that with so many inmates broken down by intemperance, we have had so few that were irrecoverably diseased thereby, and so little sickness to contend with from cold, exposure, privation, &c. In seven hundred and fifty men, we have had one case of diabetes; two of Bright's disease; two of cirrhosis of the liver; two of gout; and no case of severe inflammatory rheumatism. Consumption and insanity have been more prevalent than any other affections, and of the latter we have had seven cases in little more than a year. We have comparatively few cases of mania-a-potu, as the preventive treatment employed usually proves successful. Where it does not, we sometimes have developed the most obstinate type of the disease that I have ever met with, assuming, after the immediate danger is passed, a condition of dementia of more or less permanence, rendering the patient a fit subject for a lunatic asylum. We have treated some of these cases at great inconvenience, until their reason returned, and sent others to institutions for the insane.

A was left in the infirmary thirty-one days, and then sent to an asylum, where he ultimately recovered.

B improved very much in the Home ; went to an asylum, was well in a month, and is now a reformed man.

C was thought insane by his own family for some eighteen months before he came to the Home. The disease developed here into alcoholic dementia, but with care he entirely recovered in the Institution, and has become hale and robust. He has been well nearly a year.

D remained nineteen days in the infirmary, and was then sent to an asylum, where he recovered, and from which he was returned to us for reformation.

E was shut up in the infirmary for thirty-seven days, and then became restored to reason. His case was one of extreme dementia, and his condition most deplorable, so that he would have been sent to an asylum but for the want of some responsible party to take him. Although his life was saved and mind restored, his case has proved one of no promise.

F was thirty-two days in the infirmary, and in the same condition as A and E. He recovered without being sent away, and bids very fairly to reform permanently.

G had pneumonia and mania three times. He has been under my care on several occasions, and once when he had both of the diseases named. I warned him on that occasion of the danger of permanent insanity, but he paid little heed to the warning, and consequently is now in an asylum. He went directly into an insane condition on the fifth day after entering the Home, without having the usual symptoms of mania-a-potu. His case is the least hopeful of any of the seven, although there has been some improvement within a few days.

As in this case, I have repeatedly, in the Home and in private practice, foretold to inebriates their special danger as to disease, and in several instances the exact manner in which death was to, and has since, come upon them. Knowing the habits of an inebriate and studying his physical condition, this is no very difficult task in many cases. Warnings of a mild type often indicate the character of the future fatal attack.

H had on two occasions slight convulsions, followed by a comatose sleep. I warned him of death from a severe convulsion

followed by a profound stupor. This occurred in six months, and the comatose state lasted six days.

I had a similar warning, and died in less than a month after I endeavored in vain to get him to stop drinking. He was of full habit, a large eater, had a red, bloated face and was never affected with mania, as men who keep up to their nutrition by full meals seldom are.

J claimed to drink moderately, but had always a very red, shining face, and usually a fair appetite. I warned him three years ago, when a private patient, of the danger of diseased liver and dropsy. He died recently of the condition named.

K was highly indignant when warned, and said I had been misinformed as to his habits; but notwithstanding the denial, died in about a month in a comatose condition. He drank secretly, and tried to conceal his habits as much as possible by all sorts of subterfuges.

I could name also quite a number of remarkable instances of verifications of warnings given to men who failed to become reformed at the Home and have since died; but those enumerated will suffice to show how little can be effected by any attempt to frighten men into a temperate life. If a scare was of any avail, the loss of fourteen out of fifteen companions by intemperance should have saved H from the same fate. We see occasionally in the newspapers a death from "*intemperance*," or "mania-a-potu," and might, if ignorant, draw the inference that alcohol destroyed but a few lives. But we must look under other heads. Ten or fifteen per cent. of insane men become such from intemperance. A large proportion of the deaths by accident belong to the same category. So also of congestion of the brain, diabetes, Bright's disease, bronchitis, pneumonia, dropsy, &c., &c. It is impossible to estimate the proportion of deaths due to alcoholic excess, but we know that it must be frightfully great with five thousand liquor saloons in this city.

We have had eleven cases of mania-a-potu under treatment in the Home during the fiscal year, out of one hundred and fifty-nine men suddenly deprived of the alcoholic stimulants. Of these, five became insane for periods varying from thirty days to several months, and three died, one in five and the other two in seven days each. One of these died mainly from bronchitis, and the other two were properly subjects for hospital treatment at the time of admission.

Among the eight recoveries were some of the most remarkable cases of restoration to health we have ever witnessed in any institution ; as in four of them there was at one time scarcely a ray of hope, so low was their condition. Such cases are, as a general rule, not very promising as to permanence of reformation, especially where the mania had developed into dementia. They give a great degree of trouble, but to very little profit or satisfaction, so far as the Home work is concerned. Of the one hundred and fifty-nine inmates, all used tobacco but twenty-six.

99 men both chewed and smoked,

16 “ chewed only,

18 “ smoked only,

18 “ resorted to the use of drugs,

47 “ were affected with sickness of stomach,

35 “ were affected with diarrhœa,

28 “ had had mania-a-potu,

18 “ had had convulsions,

11 “ had mania at the time of or very shortly after admission.

In the management of the cases confined in the infirmary, much credit is due to the faithful and valuable services of the attendant, Mr. Woertz, and to those of the inmates, who have on various occasions watched night after night by the sick-bed under the supervision of Mr. Carse, who is always an important night-assistant in desperate cases. In fact, the Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, Attendant and many inmates manifest a very commendable interest in the cases of those regarded as dangerously ill, and give important and valuable assistance to me in my department.

In conclusion, let me congratulate you on the present prosperity of the Home, and the amount of valuable work that can be shown as evidence of its usefulness in the five years that it has existed.

Yours very respectfully,

ROBERT P. HARRIS, M. D.,
Attending Physician.

April 4th, 1877.

ISAAC WELSH, TREASURER,

In Account with Franklin Reformatory Home for Inebriates.

DR.

CR.

1877.

To Cash received from April 1st, 1876, to

date, as follows:—

To cash received Board Inmates, . . . \$8,595 79

“ “ Contributions through

Ladies' Board, .

“ “ Contributions (general), 1,110 00

“ “ Estate of Jesse George, 4,251 60

deceased, . .

“ “ Estate of C. Peneveyre, 1,017 72

“ “ Estate of Mary Gibson, 300 00

“ “ Interest, . . 250 00

“ “ Proceeds Ladies' Fair, 37 25

705 55

\$16,267 91

Examined and found correct,

1877.

By Bal. due Treasurer April 1st, 1876, \$

“ Salaries, . . . 380 63

“ Table Expenses, . . . 2,805 00

“ Servants, . . . 7,032 10

“ Coal, . . . 1,099 77

“ Painting, . . . 407 00

“ Printing, . . . 143 02

“ Gas, . . . 411 50

“ Incidental, . . . 496 86

“ Rent, . . . 285 73

“ Household Wants, . . . 375 00

“ Mortgage, . . . 337 20

“ Com. and Transfer Mortgage, . . . 1,000 00

“ Recorder Deeds, . . . 202 10

“ Interest on Mortgage, . . . 6 50

“ Board Refunded, . . . 654 00

“ Ladies' Relief, . . . 79 00

By Balance, . . . 100 00

452 50

\$16,267 91

RICHARD WOOD,

WM. C. KENT,

JOSEPH K. WHEELER,

} *Auditing Committee.*

Mrs. SAMUEL P. GODWIN, SUB-TREASURER,
In account with Franklin Reformatory Home for Inebriates.

DR.

CR.

1877. April 1, To sundry amounts, being dona- tions received through the Board of Lady Managers, from April 1st, 1876, to date, and acknowledged in published list of contributions in this Annual Report, . . . \$1,110 00	1877. April 1, By sundry payments to Isaac Welsh, Treasurer, . . . \$1,110 00
<div>\$1,110 00</div>	<div>\$1,110 00</div>

Examined and found correct,

WM. C. KENT,
RICHARD WOOD,
JOSEPH K. WHEELER,
Auditing Committee.

CONTRIBUTIONS

TO THE

Franklin Reformatory Home of Philadelphia,

For the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 1877.

\$5.00 constitutes a Contributing Member for One Year.

\$25.00 a Member for Life.

RECEIVED THROUGH THE AUXILIARY BOARD OF LADIES.

By MRS. PEARSON.

Creswell, David . . .	\$ 1 00
Greene, Mrs. J. M. . .	1 00
Holloway, Dr. W. . .	1 00
Holloway, Mrs. Dr. W. .	1 00
Pearson, Mrs. . . .	5 00
Pearson, Mrs. Chas A. .	1 00
Selser, Mrs. Chas M. . .	1 00

By MRS. GREGORY.

Baker, Miss . . .	\$ 5 00
Bradley, J. W. . . .	5 00
Caldwell, J. E. . . .	5 00
Gregory, Mrs. I. N. . .	2 00
Kemble, Mrs. W. H. . .	5 00
Woodward, J. J. . . .	5 00
McGeorge, Mrs. . . .	10 00

By MRS. LEE.

Jones, Dr. Jos. E. . .	\$25 00
Riter, Mrs. Matilda . .	5 00
Shultze, A. E. . . .	2 00
Singerly, Jos. . . .	50 00
Smith, Miss M. . . .	10 00

By MRS. GRAFF.

Emely, Gilbert . . .	\$ 5 00
Grant, Wm. S. . . .	50 00
Graff, Mrs. John . . .	5 00
Hacker, Mrs. H. B. . .	5 00
Hill, John W. . . .	5 00
Love, John B. . . .	25 00
Lewis, John T. . . .	15 00
Landreth, O. . . .	25 00

By MRS. GODWIN.

Lady Friend . . .	\$500 00
Browne, Mrs. W. H. . .	5 00
Drexel, A. J. . . .	100 00
Darley, Mrs. F. T. S. .	10 00
Eisenbrey, Wm. . . .	25 00
Evans, Mrs. E. . . .	5 00
Fotterall, Miss S. . .	5 00
Godwin, Samuel P. . .	20 00
H. C. & Co. . . .	10 00
Hayward, Mrs. E. L. . .	10 00
Lex, Mrs. A. F. . . .	5 00
Pierce, Mrs. W. S. . .	5 00
Smith, J. C. . . .	25 00
Slack, Mrs. Julia M. . .	10 00

By MISS BETTLE.

Bettle, Mary . . \$ 7 00
 Bettle, William . . 50 00

By MRS. WAYLAND.

Wayland, Rev. H. L. . \$5 00
 Wayland, Mrs. H. L. . 6 00

By MRS. JEWETT.

Jewett, Mrs. S. L. . \$10 00

By MRS. BUCKMAN.

Buckman, Mrs. E. R. . \$ 7 00
 File, John C. . . 10 00
 Hyneman, Mrs. Isaac . . 5 00

SUNDRY CONTRIBUTORS.

Allen, W. H. . \$100 00
 Arthur, T. S. . . 10 00
 Arthur, Mrs. T. S. . . 5 00
 Arrott, W. . . . 25 00
 Appleton, Rev. S. E. . 10 00
 Alcorn, James . . . 10 00
 Archer, Benj. F. . . 25 00
 America Lodge . . . 20 00
 A Lady Friend . . . 500 00

Bradford, S. . . \$ 5 00
 Birkinbine, H. P. M. . 50 00
 Birkinbine, John . . 25 00
 Birkinbine Louisa Y. . 25 00
 Birkinbine, Henry . . 25 00
 Boyd, T. A. . . . 10 00
 Biddle, A. . . . 50 00
 Brown, A. . . . 100 00
 Biddle Hardware Co. . 50 00
 Brown, David S. & Co. . 25 00
 Biles, C. . . . 5 00
 Browning, Miss Hettie W. 50 00
 Boyd, Mrs. Thos. A. . 25 00
 Brobst, A. . . . 100 00
 Benson, Miss R. . . 200 00
 Brobst, Mrs. A. . . . 5 00
 Burnham, Parry & Williams 10 00

Caldwell, J. E. & Co. . \$5 00
 Collins, A. M. . . . 10 00
 Coates, Benj. . . . 25 00
 Coates, W. M. . . . 5 00
 C. E. C. . . . 50 00
 Cadwallader, John . . 5 00
 Cash, 10 00
 Collins, Mrs. . . . 5 00
 Comegys, B. B. . . \$20 00

Clark, E. W. & Co. . . 10 00
 Cresson, W. P. . . . 10 00
 Cooper, J. J. . . . 25 00
 Childs, G. W. . . . 50 00

Dreer, Mrs. Mary A. . \$25 00

Erwin, Miss Mary L. \$100 00
 Ewing, James 5 00

Exec. Est. Jesse George,
 deceased 1017 72

Estate of M. Gibson, per
 William Harmar . . 300 00

Estate C. Peneveyre, per
 L. H. Redner . . . 250 00

Employés U. S. Mint,
 per Hon. Jas. Pollock 32 08

Flemming, D. L. . . \$25 00
 Free-will offerings . . 21 04

Gibson's, J., Sons & Co. \$50 00

Godey, L. A. . . . 50 00

Gillett, R. . . . 20 00

Glazier, J. J., Bro. & Co. 5 00

Gregory, E. M. . . . 2 00

Gould, George 5 00

H. E. Z. . . . \$100 00

Hall & Carpenter, . . 25 00

Hills, Geo. W. . . . 25 00

Hood, Mrs. J. D. . . . 5 00

Houston, W. C. . . . 25 00

Interest, \$37 25

Jones, Mrs. Isaac T.	\$5 00	Penn Mutual Life Ins.	100 00
J. G. R.	10 00	Phillips, Mrs. Moro	5 00
Kenney, Misses J. & A.	\$50 00	Robins, Thos.	\$25 00
Kennedy, Mrs. J. M.	5 00	Ritchie, C. D.	20 00
Kennedy, J. M., Jr.	5 00	Runk, W. M.	10 00
Kates, Clarence S.	5 00	Smith, H. P. & W. P.	\$10 00
Kates, Emily A.	5 00	Smith, Chas.	10 00
Kent, W. C.	20 00	Smith, Miss M.	10 00
Little, Amos R. & Co.	\$50 00	Spencer, Chas.	50 00
Lea, Joseph & Co.	25 00	Smethurst, W. A.	10 00
Long, James	100 00	Stacey, M. P.	5 00
Lang, Henry M.	25 00	Smith, Miss J.	2 00
Lizzie,	1 00	Stokes, Caldwell & Co.	50 00
Lewis, S. G.	10 00	Shortridge, Borden & Co.	50 00
Leamy, Ann	10 00	Shipley, Samuel R.	25 00
Mumford, Mrs.	\$10 00	Smith, W. H.	5 00
Maurice, Mrs. Wm. H.	20 13	Spencer, C. H.	10 00
Monitor Temple H. & T.	70 00	Smith, Mrs. M. R.	10 00
McIntyre, A.	25 00	Sparkaw, John	5 00
Milne, Caleb J	20 00	Sager, Miss A.	5 00
McLaughlin, M.	2 00	Sparks, Miss A. E.	10 00
Mason, Sarah D.	25 00	Sloan, Malachi	5 00
Mason, Robert T.	25 00	Simpson, H. L.	5 00
Morris, Martha	5 00	Temple, Jos. E.	\$50 00
McIlvain, John	5 00	Trevelli, Rev. Jos. S.	25 00
McCabe, Jos.	5 00	Temple, Jos. E.	80 35
Massey, Wm. & Co.	50 00	Tatham, H. B.	50 00
McGeorge, Wm.	5 00	Tait, Caroline G.	50 00
Matthews, Chas. T.	25 00	Warren, Mrs. E. B.	\$10 00
Matthews, Eliza B.	25 00	White, S. S.	10 00
McCalla, Samuel	5 00	Woodward, J. J.	5 00
Mundell, J.	20 00	Wood, Richard	100 00
Noblit, Dell, Jr.	\$50 00	Whitall, J.	25 00
Nebinger, Dr. R.	5 00	Wheeler, Chas.	15 00
Newlin, Rev. Jos. D.	10 00	Wiltberger, D. S.	20 00
Palmer, Mrs. D.	\$10 00	Warren, Kirk & Co.	5 00
Powers, Thomas H.	100 00	Williams, H. J.	10 00
Peters, Nancy B.	15 00	Wood, Wm. & Co.	50 00
Perott's, F., Sons	20 00	Welsh, Wm.	25 00
Page, S. David	10 00	Wheeler, Jos. K.	100 00
Proceeds Ladies' Fair	705 55	Whightman, Wm.	10 00
Pritchett, Baugh & Co.	15 00	Webb, Anna C.	1 00
		Welsh, Isaac	50 00
		Whilldin, A., Jr.	5 00

RELIEF SOCIETY, APRIL 1ST, 1876, TO APRIL 1ST, 1877.

To cash balance on hand,	.	.	.	\$	6	20	
“ “ received on orders on Treasurer,	.	.	.		100	00	
							\$106 20
By cash expended, dry goods, &c.,	.	.	.	\$	39	82	
“ “ “ rents paid,	.	.	.		30	00	
“ “ “ provisions,	.	.	.		16	00	
“ balance,	.	.	.		20	38	
							\$106 20

DONATIONS RECEIVED.

Per Mrs. S. S. Rumney, 10 new garments.

- “ Mrs. Gregory, 1 large bundle of partly worn clothing.
- “ Mrs. Burnham, 1 large bundle of partly worn clothing.
- “ Mrs. W. H. Browne, 1 large bundle partly worn clothing.
- “ Mrs. Buckman, \$5 cash.

SPECIAL DONATIONS TO FAIR.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ahn, Mrs. J. W., 1 cake. | Craig, James, 5 lbs. sugar. |
| Adams, Miss, 2 dolls. | Carrick & Co., Thos., 5 boxes |
| Adams, Jas., toys and fruit. | biscuits. |
| Archer, Mrs. B., 1 cake. | Childs, Mrs. Col., 5 lbs. coffee. |
| Burdsall, Jehu, 3 jars pickles, 6 | Chambers, Mrs., dolls. |
| jars catsup. | Carse, Mrs. H., aprons, orna- |
| Boothley, Wm., 500 oysters. | ments, boquets and cakes. |
| Block, Carrie, 2 dolls. | Claxton, Remsen & Haffelfinger, |
| Bates, Mrs., cream and biscuit. | books. |
| Bushong, Geo., apples & oranges. | Coulter, Mr., 10 doz. eggs, 5 lbs. |
| Barrett, Mrs. Wm., cake. | coffee. |
| Bull, Capt., 500 oysters. | Cooney, John, 500 oysters. |
| Beaber, Mrs. Thos., fancy articles. | Childs, Mrs., coffee and tea, and |
| Bourman, Wm., pocket-books. | carved wood ornaments. |
| Bradley, J. W., 4 steel plates. | Carroll, Mr., cream. |
| Boles, Mr., aprons. | Conover & Co., David F., 15 1/2 |
| Bangs, Carrie & Maggie, fancy | doz. rings, studs and pins. |
| articles. | Caldwell & Co., J. E., fans. |
| | Conway Bros., 1 doll. |

Cummings & Co., W. S., ties & bows.

Campbell & Co., A. H., ties and bows.

Colton, Finch & Co., 5 lbs. coffee.

Davis, Anna, 2 pictures.

Dunlap, Daniel, 20 bouquets.

Dreer, Mrs. Henry A., flowers.

Ditman, J. G., 8 packages note paper.

Dornan, Miss Addie, corn starch and chocolate.

Eiler, Mrs. Henry, 1 cake.

Eppelsheimer, A., 20 lbs. sugar.

English, John, 500 oysters.

Ervenson & Son, 1 box soap.

Elliot, A. G., wrapping paper.

Fleming, Mrs. Dr., cake, candy and fancy articles.

Franciscus, A. H., 1 doz. baskets, 1 1/2 doz. buckets.

Friend, 350 card chromos.

Gardwell, Mrs., ornaments.

Graff, Mrs. John, 4 quarts cream.

Gregory, Mrs., cream & pickles.

Graham, Mrs., cake.

Gibbie & Barrie, 1 book.

Godwin, S. P., 14 balmorals.

Godwin, Miss Annie, fancy articles.

Hillborn, Mrs., 2 fernaries, wrapping paper, cake, catsup, &c.

Higgins, Mrs. C., 1 pair tidies.

Heritage, Mrs., 1 bottle catsup.

Hunter, Thos., 20 books and 11 chromos.

Howell & Bourke, wall paper.

Hickman & Co., B. J., scarfs, ties, &c.

Horton, Mrs., 5 lbs. cake, 10 lbs. sugar, 2 lbs. tea.

Hover & Son, Jas. E., 3 doz. ink, 1 doz. mucilage.

Horstmann & Sons, W. H., mottoes, &c.

Hillborn, Chas., books.

Hillborn, Wm. E., 15 boxes paper.

Hillborn, Robert, fancy goods.

Hillborn, Chas., Jr., 12 bottles perfume.

Jayne & Sons, Dr. D., perfume.

Jarman, Mrs., 3 fern holders, &c.

Kellar, Mrs. P. A., confectionery.

Kline, Mr., shell brooch, 5 pearl shells.

Kelly, John, 1 large tree ornament.

Kift & Son, J., 1 flower basket and plants.

Kent, Mrs. Wm. C., work basket, chicken salad and cake.

Kent, W. C., 2 doz. cornucopias.

Knapp, Mr., 12 bottles perfume.

Kohn, Leberman & Co., shirts and drawers.

Landenberger & Sons, hosiery.

Love, R. T., 500 oysters.

Matthews, Mrs., 5 lbs. sugar, 10 lbs. lard.

Murphy, Mrs. C. S., 2 lbs. tea, 3 lbs. coffee, 3 doz. oranges

Maris, Mrs. Jno. M., 5 lbs. coffee.

McCullough, Jno. M., 600 oysters.

McClintock, Miss, 1 picture and frame, 2 bread baskets, 1 wall pocket.

McKee, Mr., 1 doz. fancy baskets.

Matthews, Mr., hanging basket and toys.

Miller, Miss Helen, 3 match safes.

Morse, Mr., 1 cake.

Miller, Mrs., cakes, ornaments and oranges.
 Milnes, Mrs. Jno., 1 cake.
 March, Mrs., 4 lbs. candy.
 Marple & Co., M. M., notions, &c.
 McCurdy, J. C., 6 steel plates chromos.

Naphey & Sons, 10 lbs. lard.
 Nash, Mrs., gloves, collars, cuffs, &c.

Ostheimer Bros., combs & shawl pins.

Pine & Bro., 5 lbs. candy.
 Parker, Mr., 2 pin cushion stools.
 Pierce, Mrs., ornaments & tidies.
 Pennock Bros., 1 flower basket and plants.
 Partridge & Richardson, mittens, sacques and cap.
 Porter & Coates, books.

Redifer, Mrs., 1 cake.
 Redifer, Master and Miss, 4 wall ornaments.
 Ridge, Mrs. Dr., 1 cake.
 Rumpp, Mrs., 1 satchel, 1 box notions, candy.
 Robbins, R., 500 oysters.
 Rogers, T. A., 500 oysters.
 Robertson, Mr., confectionery.
 Roberts, Mrs., puzzle.
 Reeves, Mrs., cakes & ornaments.
 Riter, Mrs. M., chicken salad.
 Raleigh & Co., W., suspenders.
 Reed, Wm. F., kid gloves.

Smith, Miss, fancy articles.
 Sterling, Mrs., lemons.
 Sharpless & Sons, 1 doz. felt skirts.
 Stebbens, Mr., 1 tongue.
 Starr, Mrs. J., 1 cake.

Simmon, Miss, chicken salad, biscuit and butter.

Shillingsburg, W., 500 oysters.
 Simes, Mr., 5 lbs. camphor.
 Strawbridge & Clothier, fancy goods.
 Sims & Co., collars and cuffs.
 Stoddard, J. M., 13 books.

Taylor, Mrs., 2 baskets.
 Thompson, Miss T., 1 air castle, 1 motto, &c.
 Thackara, Buck & Co., 15 feet rubber tubing.
 Thompson, Mrs. M., 2 vases.

Wylie, John, 1½ lb. cocoanut soap.
 Wylie, Mrs. Jno., 1 pair slippers.
 Wylie, Miss, 1 fern holder.
 Walton, Mrs. 2 fern holders.
 Warner, Miss, dolls.
 Warner, Mrs., sachets.
 Winterbottom, Mrs. Dr., 2 jelly cakes.
 Wilkins, Mrs., biscuit, coffee and cream.
 Welsh & Son, Jos., 60 yds. dress goods.
 Wilson, Mrs. Theo., 20 lbs. crackers.
 Wayland, Mrs., biscuits & cakes.
 Williams, Mrs., mixtures.
 Wood, Richard, fancy goods.
 Wilson & Bradbury, linen handkerchiefs.
 Ward & Co., Marcus, 105 christmas cards.

Young, Mrs., 5 nubias & 2 tidies.
 Younger, Mrs. E., 10 lbs. butter.
 Yost, Chas. H., 2 books.

Ziegler & Swearingen, hosiery.

CASH DONATIONS.

Browne, Mrs. W. H. .	\$10 00	Russell, Mrs. .	\$ 2 00
Homer, Colladay & Co. .	10 00	Schaeffer, Miss A. .	1 00
Kent, Frederick .	2 00	Schaeffer, Miss G. .	1 00
Latimer, Robert .	2 00	Sharpless, C. L. .	10 00
Landreth, Oliver .	5 00	Thornley, Mrs. J. .	2 00
Pfalzer, Morris .	1 00		
Pfalzer, Simon .	1 00		
Robinson, J. .	2 00		\$49 00

GENERAL MERCHANDISE DONATIONS.

America Lodge, I. O. G. T., furnished one room.	Jewitt, Mrs. T. L., 1 washing machine, 3 bed spreads, 1 comfortable, 1 blanket, 2 sheets, 2 pillows, 6 yards oil cloth, 6 yards carpet.
Boyd, T. A., china.	
Broadbent & Phillips, picture of Rev. A. Cookman.	
Brobst, A., hauling 11 tons of coal.	Kellogg & Son, 5 boxes biscuits.
Blair's Sons, H. C., medicine.	Kelly, S. S., furniture for 1 room.
Bullock & Crenshaw, 1 lb. bromide soap.	Kraft, Mrs., Harper's Bazaars.
Baker & Co., J. C., 3 bottles cod liver oil.	
Bell, Thompson, 10 sewing machines.	M. M., paper and envelopes, century plant, 2 doz. towels, 2 baskets cantaloups, 1 bbl. apples, 25 lbs. flour, 1 box starch, 2 doz. shirt fronts, 2 doz. cuffs.
Buckman, Mrs. E. R., pair brackets and basket.	Macdonald, Mrs. J., 4 caps.
	McE., Mrs. E., 1 doz. soap.
Crossman, E. D., 3 large steel engravings.	Martindale & Johnson, 12 doz. soap.
	Mathews, Charles T., burial lot in Fernwood cemetery.
Godwin, Samuel P., 1 pc. muslin and lot in Fernwood cemetery.	Murphy's Sons, Wm. F., 1 directory.
Godwin, Miss Annie, 2 mottoes for front door.	Methodist Churches, furniture for rear library.
Hillner, Percy, 2 tons coal.	Ogden & Co., Geo., 2 lbs. tea.
Hover, Jos. E., 1 gal. violet ink.	
Jones, Eavenson & Co., 1 box Quaker City soap.	Powers, Thos. H., 10 lbs. bromide of P.

Powers & Weightman, 5 lbs. bro- mide S.	Sheppard & Arrison, 2 window shades.
Reading R. R. Co., freight on 1 car coal.	Smethurst, W. A., paper collars and cuffs.
Roop, Mrs., hats and partly worn clothing.	Thackara, Buck & Co., 1 chan- delier.
Scofield, Fred., 3 books and bind- er's cloth.	Williams, C. B., package New Year's tracts

Acknowledgment of the following donations through the ladies was omitted last year, and is therefore appended to this year's list, as per Mrs. Buckman :—

Baker, John R , 2 pairs blankets and counterpanes.	Mrs. Baker, Mrs. James Rowland, Mrs. Benjamin Bacon and Miss Susan Monroe, each \$5, which was expended in table linen and sheeting. Beside valuable sun- dries for the sale.
Riter, Mrs. Dr., 1 blanket and counterpane.	
Thornley, Mr., ½ doz. towels.	
St. Stephen's Lutheran Church, 4 prs. sheets, 6 prs. pillows and bolster cases.	

ELECTION SUPPER.

Bull, Capt., 500 oysters.	Hillborn, Mrs., 1 dish cold slaw and biscuit.
Cloud, Geo. W., 8 bunches celery.	Haney, Capt. B., 300 oysters.
Cochran, Isaac, 500 oysters.	Jarman, Mrs. T. S., pound cake.
Cochran, Capt. John, 500 oys- ters.	Murray, Capt., 500 oysters
Christy, Capt. Geo., 1000 oys- ters.	Mears, Capt. J., 300 oysters.
Godwin, S. P., 10½ lbs. cake.	Taulane, Capt., 300 oysters.
	Taylor & Lombard, 500 oysters.

CASH DONATIONS FOR ELECTION SUPPER.

Fleming, Dr.,	\$3 00
Gildersleeve, Mrs.,	2 00
Sayres, Mrs.,	3 00
Wheeler, Jos. K.,	1 00
	<hr/>
	\$9 00

THANKSGIVING DINNER.

Archer, Jos., 1 turkey.	Landis, Mrs., 1 turkey, 3 pies.
Bettle, Miss, 1 turkey.	Matthews, Mrs. C. T., 1 turkey, 6 pies.
Barrett, Mrs. Wm., 1 jar pickles.	Miller, Mrs., cold slaw.
Cloud, G. W., 8 bunches celery.	Moore, John, 2 cans peaches, 2 cans corn.
Chadwick, Mrs., cranberries and sugar.	Marshall, Mrs. Andrew, 6 pies.
Graff, Mrs. Jno., 1 turkey.	Nevin, Mrs. E. H., sugar & coffee.
Gregory, Mrs., 4 pies.	Nameless, 1 turkey, 2 lbs. grapes.
Gross, Mrs. Louis, 1 ham.	Nicholson, Mrs. W. H., 1 turkey.
Horton, Mrs., 2 turkeys, 2 lbs. tea, cranberries, 4 pies.	Rumpp, Mrs., 2 pies, cake and flowers.
Kemp, T. R., 1 pair chickens, 3 cans tomatoes, 3 cans apples, 1 lb. butter, 1 can peaches.	Wilkins, Mrs. W. S., 1 turkey and celery.
Kemp, W. C., 1 turkey.	

CASH DONATIONS FOR THANKSGIVING DINNER.

Birkinbine, Mrs.,	\$2 00
Buckman, Mrs.,	2 00
Bates, Mrs. Jos W.,	5 00
Godwin, Mrs. S. P.,	5 00
Harrison, Havemeyer & Co.,	5 00
Kenney, Mr.,	2 00
Keller, Mrs. P. A.,	5 00
Maris, Mrs. Jno. M.,	2 50
Montgomery, Mrs.,	3 00
	<hr/>
	\$31 50

CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL.

CASH DONATIONS.

Brobst, A.,	\$2 50
Bettle, Mary,	4 50
Allen, Mrs. W. H.,	5 00
Connelly, Harry,	10 00
Godwin, S. P.,	2 50
Kenny, Miss,	3 00
Matthews, C. T.,	2 50
Nash, A. W.,	5 00
Welsh, Isaac,	5 00
Wheeler, Jos. K.,	5 00
	<hr/>
	\$44 50

MERCHANDISE DONATIONS.

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|---|---|
| <p>A Sorrowing One, stockings and fancy articles.</p> <p>Brobst, Mrs. A., 2 dress patterns, 5 pairs socks.</p> <p>Brooks, Mrs., stockings, gloves, handkerchiefs, &c.</p> <p>Cloud, Geo. W., 150 oranges.</p> <p>Coffin, Altemus & Co., 3 pieces calico.</p> <p>Davis, Warner & Merritt, oranges and figs.</p> <p>Erskine Robert, 1 turkey.</p> <p>Eisenbrey, Wm., gloves, stockings and neckties.</p> <p>Farat, C. M., 5 lbs. confectionery.</p> <p>Gloucester Mfg. Co., 12 calico dresses.</p> <p>Godwin, Mrs. S. P., fancy articles.</p> <p>Gutekunst, Mrs., 5 lbs. mixtures.</p> <p>Graff, Mrs. Jno., handkerchiefs and ornaments.</p> <p>Hughes & Co., Thos., stockings.</p> <p>Johnson, Holloway & Co., soap and perfumery.</p> <p>Kane, Mrs. Bartram, books, &c.</p> <p>Kerr & Co., Norman M., $\frac{1}{2}$ gro. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. boxes.</p> | <p>Kellogg & Co., H. C., $\frac{1}{2}$ box raisins, 5 lbs. almonds.</p> <p>Lee, Mrs. David, 1 piece sheeting, 25 yds. muslin and toys.</p> <p>Miller & Sons, J., 5 lbs. candies.</p> <p>Mitchell, Fletcher & Co., grapes.</p> <p>Martindale & Johnston, nuts.</p> <p>Maris, Mrs. Jno. M., stockings.</p> <p>Reed, Mrs., fancy shoes & rubbers.</p> <p>Ritter, Mrs. Matilda, 10 lbs. candy.</p> <p>Spencer, Chas, scarf and mittens.</p> <p>Spear, Mrs. James, 43 yards calico, 3 dresses.</p> <p>Sheldon & Delaney, handkerchiefs and collars.</p> <p>Shellenberg, Mr, walnuts and 2 lbs. tea.</p> <p>Simpson & Son, Wm., 5 pieces calico.</p> <p>Stokes, Miss Louisa, cakes and fancy articles.</p> <p>Whitman & Co., E. G., 3 lbs. mixtures.</p> <p>Warner, Rhodes & Co., 1 box raisins.</p> <p>W. P., 1 bbl. toys, &c.</p> <p>Wayland, Rev. H. L., books.</p> |
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LIFE MEMBERS
OF THE
Franklin Reformatory Home of Philadelphia.

One contribution of \$25 and upwards, and election, constitutes a Life Member.

1872.

Atmore & Sons

Benson, Miss Harriet S.

Benson, Miss Rosalie

Baird & Co., M.

Brobst, A.

Bates, Jos. W.

Brown, David S.

Blair's Sons, H. C.

Browne, N. B.

Bryn Mawr Lodge Good Tem-
plars

Briggs, Amos, Hon.

Childs, George W.

Collins, Alfred M.

Cooke, Jay

Clarke, E. W.

Claghorn, James L.

Coffin & Altemus

Drexel, A. J.

Emory, Charles

Fotterall, Mrs. Sarah A.

Godwin, Samuel P.

Godwin, Mrs. Samuel P.

Gilbert, Miss Mary R.

Harrison, Havemeyer & Co.

Horstmann, William J., dec'd,
Estate of

Hall & Carpenter

Houston, William C.

Harrison, Jr., Joseph

Hood, Bonbright & Co.

Hamilton Temple of H. & T.

Hierophant Division of S. of T.

Irvin & Stinson

James, Kent, Santee & Co.

Knight & Son, Reeve L.

King & Baird.

Lewis, Miss E. W.

Lewis, Miss M.

Lea, Henry C.

Lord, D.D., Rev. John

Moorhead, Mrs. Cordelia A.

Magarge, Charles

Minnehaha Temple of H. & T.

Merritt, Mrs. E.

Myers, J. W.

Maguigan, John C.

Powers, Thomas H.

Remmey, R. C.

Riegle & Co., Jacob

Solms, Sidney J.

Spencer, Charles

Spear & Co., J.

Shoemaker & Co., Robert

Smith, Miss Mary

Taylor, N. & G.
Trotter & Co., N.
Thomas & Sons, M.

Wood, Richard
Welsh, Isaac
Welsh, E. A.
Welsh, L. F.
Welsh, A. G.
Wistar, Lydia J.
Wood, Marsh, Hayward & Co.

1873.

Allen, William H.
Allen, George W.
Allen, Mrs. William H.

Baily, Joel J.
Burnham, Parry, Williams & Co.
Baird, James, Estate of M. Lat-
timer

Crozer, J. Lewis
Cummings & Brodie
Chambers, Mrs. A. R.
Croft, Wilbur & Co.
Curtis, Mrs. Sarah Z.

Farnum, Mrs. Elizabeth H.

Graff, John
Graff, Mrs. John
Grand Lodge of G. T. of Penna.
George, Jesse, dec'd, Estate of
Grant, William S.
Guerney, Eliza P.

Hilles, John P.
Hopkins, Mrs. James
Helfenstein, J. S.

Kent, William C.
Kennedy, E. H.
Kemble, William H.

Lewis, E. J.

Lea & Co., Joseph
Lee, Valeria K.
Livezy, John
Love, John B.
Landreth, Oliver

Morton, Charles M.
Maris, William
Maris, Mrs. Wm.
Magee, J. S.
Massey & Co., Wm.
Morris, Wheeler & Co.
Milne, Beulah T.
Mehan, John A.
Malone Brothers
McKnight, Wm., Treas. of Dr.
Stevenson's Church

Neff, Harmanus
Neff, Mrs. Harmanus
Newton, D.D., Rev. Richard
Noblit, Jr., Dell

Patterson, Joseph
Pollock, Hon. James
Price, Thomas W.
Penistan, Richard

Randolph, Evan

Simpson, Mrs. Bishop
Shortridge, Borden & Co.
Scott, Samuel G.
Snyder, L.
Stevenson & Maris
Smith, James C.
Sellers & Co.
Sharpless, Charles L.
Scull, Jr., D. & Bro.
Saul, Rev. James
Smedley, Samuel L.
Smethurst, William A.

Trotter, Wm.
Troutman, George M.

Uprichard & Brown

Valentine, John K.

Wheeler, Charles

Whitall, J. M.

Weightman, Wm.

Wilson & Bradbury

White, S. S.

Wood, Mrs. Juliana R.

Young Men's Christian Association
of P. E. Hospital

1874.

Ashton, Samuel F.

Biddle, Alexander

Barton, Mrs. Rhea

Biddle, Mrs. H. J.

Brown, Lewis

Brown, Alexander

Browning, Mrs. Charles

Bohlen, Mrs. J.

Benson, Gustavus S.

Brown, Miss Grace

Borie, A. E.

Bedford Street Mission

Bible Class of Episcopal Hos-
pital

Boyd, Mrs. Thomas A.

Brobst, Albion T.

Bettle, William

Caldwell & Co.

Cope, T. R.

Clayton, John

Church of the Epiphany, P. E.

Disston, H.

Drew, William P.

Excelsior Division S. of T.

Eisenbrey, William

Fat Men's Club

Gibson's Son & Co., John

Harris, R. P., M. D.

Hoffman, Eliza L.

Kennedy, Thomas

Knight & Co., E. C.

Little, Amos R.

Lewis, Samuel T.

Milne, Mrs. David

MacKellar, Thomas

Miller, Andrew H.

Memorial Baptist Church

Morris, Martha

Penn Mutual Life Ins. Co.

Perkins, Abraham R.

Peabody, George F.

Redner, Lewis H.

Rehn, William L.

Robins, Thomas

Riehl Brothers

Scull, David

Stuart, George H.

St. Andrew's P. E. Church

Second United Pres. Church

Singerly, William M.

Thompson, E. O.

Thompson, C. W.

Thompson, Benjamin

Thompson, Jr., E. Osborne

Taylor, George E.

Thomas, Jane

Tabernacle Baptist Church

Wallace, J. William

Wanamaker, John

Warren, Kirk & Co.

Welsh, Wm.

Watson & Son, J.

Wilkins, William T.

1875.

Allen, William H., LL. D.

Allen, Anna M.

Barton, Susan R.
 Brown, Brother & Co.
 Bayard, Mary
 Brown, J. A.

 Collier, George B.
 Cope Brothers

 Edwards, R. L.

 France, William C.
 File, John C.

 Godey, Louis A.

 Houston, Mary B.

 Jewett, T. L.

 Kenney, Edward
 Kenney, Misses A. & J.

 Morris, Wheeler & Co.
 Moore, D. Wilson
 McIntyre, A.
 Machette, Jr., E. V.
 Machette, Margaretta
 Mansfield, Catherine

 Pierce, William S.
 Parrish, Dyllwyn
 Provident Life Ins. & Trust Co.

 Ross, Mrs. J. B.

 Souder, B. K.
 Shoemaker, Comley B.

 Thomas, Ann G.
 T. R. B.

 Williamson, Isaiah V.
 Whitney, William B.
 Wiltberger, D. S.
 Wheeler, Joseph K.
 Welsh, Joseph
 Yunger, Esther

1876.

Arrott, W.
 Archer, Benj. F.
 America Lodge

 Birkinbine, H. P. M.
 Birkinbine, John
 Birkinbine, Louisa Y.
 Birkinbine, Henry
 Biddle Hardware Co.
 Brown, David S. & Co.
 Browning, Hettie W.

 Coates, Benjamin
 C. E. C.
 Cooper, J. J.

 Dreer, Mrs. Mary A.

 Erwin, Miss Mary L.

 Flemming, D. L.

 H. E. Z.
 Harmar, Wm.

 Jones, Joseph E., M. D.

 Little, Amos R. & Co.
 Lang, Henry M.
 Long, James

 Monitor Temple H. & T.
 Mason, Sarah D.
 Mason, Robert T.
 Matthews, Chas. T.
 Matthews, Eliza B.

 Stokes, Caldwell & Co.
 Shipley, Samuel R.
 Singerly, Joseph

 Temple, Joseph E.
 Trevelli, Rev. Joseph S.
 Tatham, H. B.
 Tait, Caroline G.

 Whittall, J.
 Wood, Wm. & Co.

ADMISSIONS.

FREE INMATES.

Persons having a permanent home within the State, whose circumstances render it imperatively necessary, may be admitted to a free bed, at the discretion of the Committee on Admissions.

If a free bed is desired, the applicant or his friends must give satisfactory proof of his inability to remunerate the Institution for his support during his stay therein.

PAYING INMATES.

All other persons will be charged for their board according to their ability to pay, and the rooms, attendance and accommodations furnished them.

No person will be received for a less period than two weeks.

In cases of emergency, applicants may be received temporarily, when they are in proper condition and properly recommended; but no person shall be considered an inmate until he has received an order of admission from some member of the Executive Committee on Admissions and Supervision.

All persons, on becoming inmates, must bind themselves to observe and obey the Rules governing the internal affairs of the Home. Any deliberate violation of them will be considered good cause for removal from the house.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

In all applications for admission, the following questions must be answered in as full and explicit manner as possible :—

1. Applicant's name in full?
2. Age?
3. Birthplace?
4. Residence?
5. Profession or occupation?
6. Married or single?
7. If married, how many children living?
8. Were any of his family intemperate?
9. What is the cause of his drinking?
10. How long has he used alcoholic drink?
11. How long has he been an excessive drinker?
12. Is his drinking constant or periodical?
13. Are his habits solitary or social?
14. Has he ever been in any Institution for treatment?
15. Has he himself used medical remedies? If so, what?
16. Does he chew or smoke tobacco?
17. Does he use opium, laudanum or other drug?
18. Has he had fits or convulsions?
19. Has he ever attempted suicide?
20. Has he ever had mania-a-potu, or has his mind been affected lately with anything like delirium?
21. What has been the daily quantity of liquor used recently?
22. How long has he been on his last spree?
23. Has he taken his food regularly of late?
24. Has he sick stomach after eating?
25. Has he diarrhoea from drinking?
26. Has he slept well the last week?
27. Has he any chronic disease, such as cough, &c.
28. Does he earnestly desire to permanently reform?
29. Does he make his application voluntarily?
30. Who will pay for medical attendance, care and board?

I hereby pledge myself to become thoroughly acquainted with the rules and regulations of this Home, and to cheerfully comply with them in every particular.

OBLIGATION.

In consideration of being admitted an inmate of the Franklin Reformatory Home, in Philadelphia, the undersigned promise the Corporation of the Franklin Reformatory Home to pay to the Superintendent thereof, at said Home, monthly or weekly, on the first day of each successive month or week, in advance, the rate of board determined by the Executive Committee of said Home, and stated in the order of admission hereunto affixed; to pay for extra medical and other extra attendance, if necessary, and to provide or pay for all requisite clothing and other things which the Superintendent and Executive Committee of said Home shall deem necessary or proper for the health and comfort of said person; to remove said person when discharged; to re-imburse for any damage done to the property of the Home, and for necessary expenses in case of death; and if removed against the advice and consent of the Executive Committee on Admissions and Supervision previous to the expiration of time agreed upon, to forfeit the amount of board for that time.

Witness our hands, this

day of

187

Principal.

Surety.

ORDER OF ADMISSION.

Mr......

The above named person is hereby received for a period of
 weeks from date, at a board of dollars
 for the first week, and dollars per week after.

} *Executive Committee*
 } *of*
 } *Admissions and Supervision.*

Philadelphia,

187

Franklin Reformatory Home,

911, 913 and 915 LOCUST STREET.

RULES.

All persons admitted as inmates of this Home are expected to comply with the rules as here defined. Whilst the largest liberty compatible with successfully carrying out the object in view is cheerfully accorded, it must be constantly understood and remembered that this Home is a Reformatory and not a boarding-house, and that the influences intended to be a safeguard to those who receive its shelter and protection, cannot reach those that are constantly seeking amusement or matters of interest outside, thereby allowing their minds to be diverted from what should be their single object here, viz: earnest, undivided effort to use all means afforded to effect permanent reformation.

1. No drug or medicine of any description shall be brought into the House or used by any patient, without the knowledge and consent of the attending physician.

2. All inmates, unless it is otherwise arranged at the time of their admission, are expected to remain in the house for one week. All arrangements for going out regularly or occasionally must be made with the Superintendent beforehand, as it is necessary to know of the whereabouts and goings of all inmates as long as they remain in this Home.

3. No inmate whose daily employment calls him outside shall be exempt from the rules of the House, however long he shall have resided in the Home.

4. Each inmate is expected to aid in promoting the work of reform in himself and companions, and to cheerfully acquiesce in rendering such service as he may be called upon to give, and by cleanly habits and courteous deportment, lend his influence and example in making this a happy Home.

5. Profane, vulgar, or unbecoming language, and heated discussions on religious or political subjects that may lead to strife or dissensions, cannot be allowed.

6. Meals will be served at regularly appointed hours. Regularity and punctuality are absolutely required of all inmates.

7. Inmates of the Home are required to be present at the Sunday Evening Service, the Temperance meeting on Tuesday evening, and the Godwin Association meeting on Thursday evening. As much of the success of our work is dependent upon these meetings, it is expected that all will unite to make them effective, and that none ask for leave of absence except by reason of great urgency or serious sickness.

8. Smoking is strictly prohibited in all places but the room assigned for that purpose. As the Executive Committee deem excessive smoking injurious, the smoking room is to be only open for smoking during the following hours: Morning, 7 to 8 o'clock; Noon, 12.30 to 1.30; Evening, 6.30 to 7.00, and 10.15 to 10.30. On meeting nights, half hour after each meeting. As cleanliness is an essential part of reformation, gentlemen must not spit on the floors, out of the windows or in the washing trough, but in the spittoons.

9. For the convenience of all, it is necessary, when there is a large demand for the use of the bath, to arrange with the Superintendent at what time each will have the use of it, provided that it never be used within two hours after meals, and not after 10 o'clock on Sunday.

10. Inmates guilty of drinking or bringing liquor into the Home shall be peremptorily discharged, as this is so gross a violation of obligation and honor that it cannot be overlooked. Others knowing of such conduct, and not reporting the same to the Superintendent, become parties to the wrong, and cannot expect to enjoy the confidence of the management.

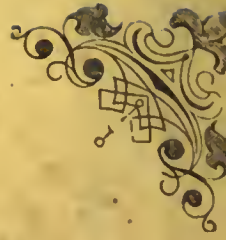

11. While a system of petty watching and of making complaints about trifling matters is deprecated as demeaning, justice to the interests of the Home demands that any grave offence or violation of rule shall be brought to the attention of the Chairman of the Executive Committee on Admission and Supervision by a confidential note dropped in the box.

12. All inmates are expected to be in and ready to retire at 10.30 o'clock in winter, and at 11 in summer, that the doors may be closed, lights extinguished, and house quiet by said time, that those desiring repose may not be disturbed.

The sitting member of the Executive Committee on Admission and Supervision, when present at the House, is Superintendent *pro tem*. At all other times the Superintendent is in charge.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JOHN GRAFF, Secretary.



Devises or Bequests for the Home should be given in its corporate name, thus:

FORM OF BEQUEST OF MONEY.


I give and bequeath unto

The Franklin Reformatory Home for Inebriates,

OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA,

the sum of

to be expended by them for the general purposes of the Home.



DEVISE OF REAL ESTATE.

I give and devise unto

The Franklin Reformatory Home for Inebriates,

OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA,

to be theirs absolutely, All that certain, &c.

